

Artwork and important objects we gave to museums, art galleries and libraries in 2023



Easy read booklet 2023



Who we are and what this booklet is about



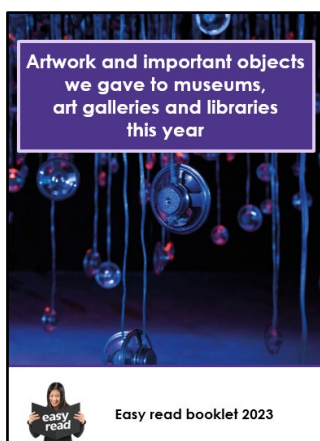
We are **Arts Council England**.
We want everyone to enjoy artwork and **important objects**.



Important objects are objects that tell us about a certain time in history or how a group of people used to live.



We help give artwork and important objects to museums, art galleries and libraries.



This booklet tells you about the artwork and important objects we gave to museums, art galleries and libraries in 2023.

Artwork and important objects we gave in 2023

48

We gave 48 artworks and important objects to museums, art galleries and libraries in 2023.



In total the 48 artworks and important objects are worth £52 million pounds.



All these artworks and important objects were given to us by other people.



They gave us their artwork or important objects through our 2 schemes called the **Cultural Gifts Scheme** and the **Acceptance in Lieu scheme**.

About our schemes



The **Acceptance in Lieu scheme** is for people who need to pay **inheritance tax**.



Inheritance tax is the money you have to pay to **the government** when you are given an artwork or important object worth a lot of money.



The government runs the country.



People can give us their artwork or important object instead of paying their inheritance tax.



Cultural Gifts Scheme lets people give us their artwork or important objects. They can then pay less money in other **taxes**.



Taxes are the money you pay the government to help pay for things we all need, like schools and hospitals.

How our schemes help



Our schemes help more people to enjoy and learn about artwork and important objects.



Our schemes get more people to visit museums, art galleries and libraries.



Our schemes mean we can give artwork and important objects to new museums, art galleries and libraries.



In 2023 we gave artwork and important objects to new places like **Canterbury Cathedral**, **Kirkcaldy Galleries** and **Ruskin Museum**.

Artworks and important objects we have given before

Shipley Art Gallery



In 2018, we gave 22 pots and 531 ceramics to the **Shipley Art Gallery**.

The **Shipley Art Gallery** is known for how many ceramics it has.

Lots of schools and families use the ceramics to give them ideas when making their own ceramics.

Winchcombe Museum



In 2022, we gave the **Winchcombe Museum** a **meteorite** that was found in Winchcombe.

A **meteorite** is a piece of rock that has fallen from space.

Lots of nearby schools come to **Winchcombe Museum** to learn about the meteorite.

Glynn Vivian Art Gallery



In 2018, we gave the **Glynn Vivian Gallery** 2 paintings called **Dusk or Autumn** and **Landscape with Tip**.

Lots of schools and classes use these paintings to learn, including an art class for **refugees**.

Refugees are people who have left a country to move to one that is safer or away from war.

Derby Museum and Art Gallery



In 2022, we gave the **Derby Museum and Art Gallery** 2 paintings called **Self Portrait** and **An Experiment on a Bird in the Air Pump**.

They will be part of an **exhibition** this year that starts at **Derby Museum and Art Gallery**.

An **exhibition** is when artwork is put in a room for people to look at.

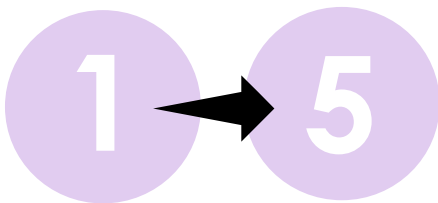
Artwork and important objects from 2023



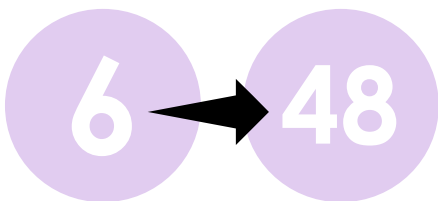
The rest of this booklet tells you about the artwork and important objects we gave to museums, art galleries and libraries in 2023.

48

There are 48 artworks and important objects in total. Each one has a number from 1 to 48.



The artwork and important objects from numbers 1 to 5 were given to us through the **Cultural Gifts Scheme**.



The artwork and important objects from numbers 6 to 48 were given to us through the **Acceptance in Lieu scheme**.

Spitting Image

1



Spitting Image was a TV show in the 1980's that made fun of things like sports and famous people in a clever and funny way.

The people who made **Spitting image** also made artwork for newspapers.

We gave these newspapers to **Cambridge University Library**.

Contemporary Scottish artwork

2



Robin Arnott from Fife Council gave us 5 **contemporary** artworks from Scottish artists.

Contemporary means they have been made recently.

We gave these artworks to the **Kirkcaldy Galleries**.

2 medicine cabinets

3



An artist called **Damien Hirst** made these 2 medicine cabinets in 1965 for **Frank** and **Lorna Dunphy**.

We gave these 2 medicine cabinets to the **National Galleries of Scotland**.

Ceramic pot and 2 paintings

4



Red angled ribbed vessel is a ceramic pot made by an artist called **Magdalene Odundo**.



Skylight Landscape and **Frozen Lake** are 2 paintings by an artist called **Paul Nash**.

We gave the ceramic pot to the **Pallant House Gallery** in Chichester.



We gave the 2 paintings to the **Fitzwilliam Museum**.

A Male Head

5

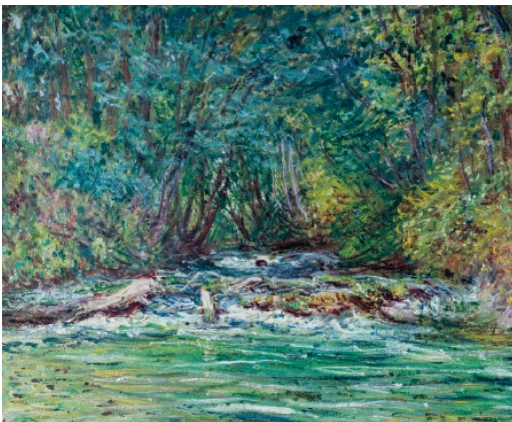


A Male Head is the name of a drawing done in chalk by an artist called **Thomas Lawrence**.

We gave the drawing to the **Royal Academy of Art**.

2 paintings called L'Epte à Giverny and Modiste garnissant un chapeau

6



L'Epte à Giverny is an oil painting by an artist called **Claude Monet**.

Modiste garnissant un chapeau is a drawing done in pastels by an artist called **Edgar Degas**.



We gave these 2 paintings to the **Walker Art Gallery**.

A painting called L'allée au bois

7

L'allée au bois is an oil painting by an artist called **Pierre-Auguste Renoir** from 1880.



Pierre-Auguste Renoir is an **impressionist painter**. An **impressionist painter** paints what something looks like when you first look at it. They do not paint detail.

We gave the painting to the **Ulster Museum**.

A collection of artworks

8

A **collection** is a group of something, like artworks.



The collection is called the **John Nigel Kirkland collection** and includes artwork from the 1900s and the 2000s.

We gave a collection of 20 different artworks to **Sheffield Museums**.

A book and manuscripts from the Denys Spittle collection

9



The book and **manuscripts** are from 1479 to 1917.

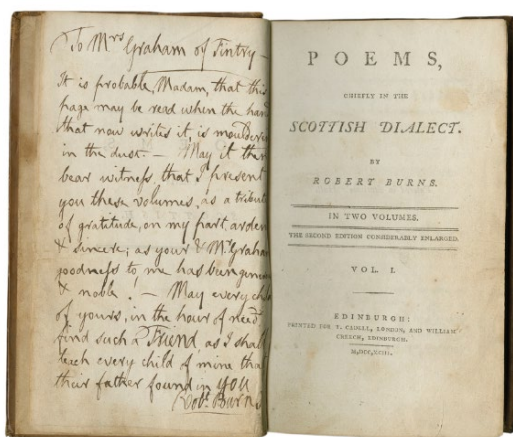
A **manuscript** is a handwritten document.

They are from the **Denys Spittle collection**

We gave the manuscripts and book to the **Brotherton Library**.

A book of poems called Poems, Chiefly in the Scottish Dialect

10



Poems, Chiefly in the Scottish Dialect is the name of a book of poems by a poet called **Robert Burns**.

We gave this book of poems to the **Dumfries Museum**.

A collection of Anatolian Kilims

11



Someone called **Georgie Wolton** had a collection of **kilims** from **Anatolia** from the 1700s to the 1800s.

A **kilim** is a type of woven carpet. **Anatolia** is in the country Turkey.

We gave the Anatolian kilims to the **Ashmolean Museum**.

A collection of objects

12



We have over 17,000 objects from a man called **Bernard Howarth Loomes**.

All the objects have something to do with photography, like **stereoscopes**.

Stereoscopes are like binoculars you can look into and see an image.

We gave this collection to the **National Museum of Scotland**.



A bronze sculpture

13



The **Apollo Belvedere** is the name of a **sculpture** by a **sculptor** called **Pier Jacopo Alari Bonacolsi**.

A **sculptor** is someone who makes **sculptures**. A **sculpture** can be anything someone makes out of materials such as wood or metal.

The sculptor is of a Greek God called Apollo who was the god of music, poetry and art.

We gave the sculpture to the **Fitzwilliam Museum**.

A painting called A Baby Sleeping in a Cradle

14



A Baby Sleeping in a Cradle is a painting by an artist called **Rembrandt Harmenszoon van Rijn** from 1645.

We gave the painting to the **British Museum**.

A collection of musical instruments

15



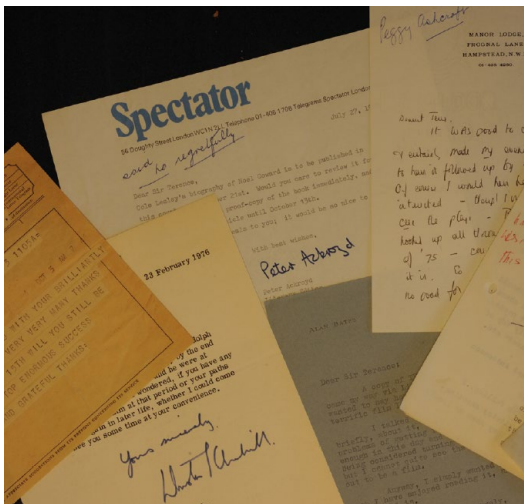
We have over 2,650 **musical instruments** and over 3,000 books about music from a man called **Jeremy Montagu**.

Musical instruments are things that you make music with, like a guitar, violin or drum kit.

We gave the musical instruments and books to the **University of Northumbria**.

Contemporary Scottish artwork

16



We have letters and paperwork that belonged to **Sir Terence Rattigan** from 1911 to 1977.

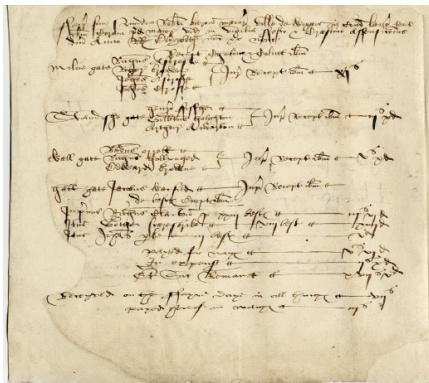
Sir Terence Rattigan was a **playwright**. A **playwright** writes plays.

The letters are from actors, his assistant called **Peggy French**, and his partner called **Michael Franklin**.

We gave the letters and paperwork to **the British Library**.

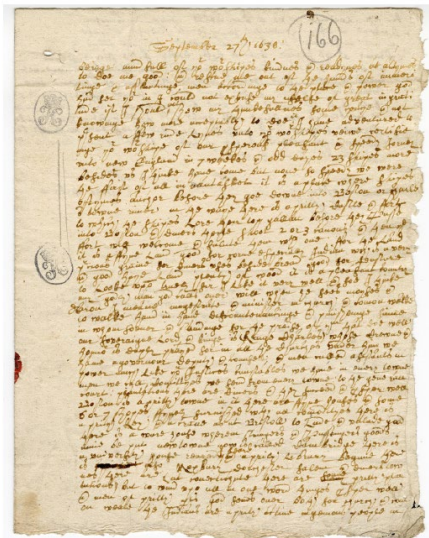
Tyrell Kenyon family

17



We have over 5,000 letters and pieces of paperwork from the 1200s to the 1900s. They are about what life was like in Lancashire.

Some of the letters are from **Lloyd Kenyon** who was the **Lord Chief Justice** from 1788 to 1802.



A **Lord Chief Justice** works with **judges** and the **government**.

A **judge** is a legal expert who is in charge in court.

We gave the letters and paperwork to a few **archives**. **Archives** look after old documents, photos and letters.

A painting called Robert Baddeley as Moses

18

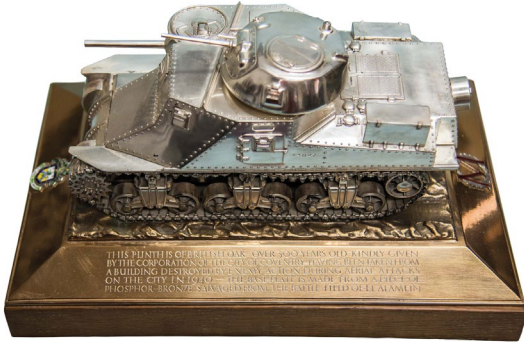


Robert Baddeley as Moses is an oil painting by an artist called **Johan Zoffany** from 1781.

We gave the painting to the **Tate Gallery**.

5 objects made of silver

19



Someone called **Bernard Law Montgomery** had 5 objects made of silver. This includes a sugar bowl, a coffee pot, a plate, a sculpture of 2 owls, and a tank.

Bernard Law Montgomery was a British Army Officer in the 1900s.

We gave the 5 silver objects to the **Fusilier Museum**.

Objects that belonged to Maria Graham and 2 paintings

20



Maria Graham was a writer who travelled a lot around South America.

We have a few objects that belonged to **Maria Graham**, such as a bible and some of her drawings.

Portrait of Mrs Maria Graham is 1 of the paintings we have. It is by an artist called **John Jackson**.

We gave everything to **Chawton House**.



Soldier vases

21



These vases are called **Soldier Vases** from China. They were made in a time called the **Kangi period**.

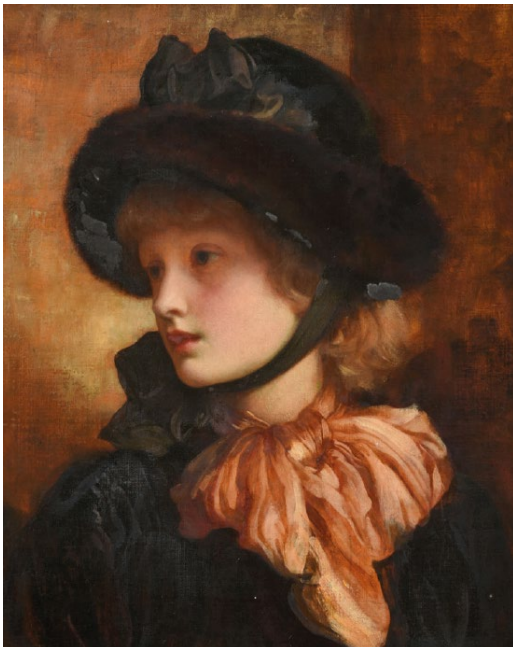
The **Kangi period** was 1661 to 1722.

They were brought to Europe from China in the 1900s.

We gave these 2 vases to the **Ashmolean Museum**.

10 artworks from the 1800s

22



We have 10 artworks from the 1800s. These include paintings by **James Collison**, **John Atkinson Grimshaw**, **Frederic Leighton**.

They are oil paintings and chalk drawings. Some are cartoons.

We gave all 10 artworks to **Tullie House**.

A painting called Cock Pheasant

23



Cock Pheasant is a watercolour painting by an artist called **Joseph Crawhall** from 1906.

We gave this painting to the **National Galleries of Scotland**.

Artwork by William Leech and William Orpen

24



May with a Parasol is an oil painting by an artist called **William Leech**.

Graveyard is an oil painting by an artist called **William Orpen**. It is a painting of a battle from the first world war called the battle of Somme.



War Drawing is a drawing in pencil by **William Orpen**.

William Orpen was an artist in the first world war.

We gave the paintings and drawing to **the National Museums NI**.

A sculpture of Thomas Becket's murder

25



This sculpture is made of alabaster. It shows the murder of **Thomas Becket**.

Thomas Becket was a **priest** in the 1100s. He was killed in 1170 for going against **King Henry the Second**.

A **priest** is in charge of a church.

We gave this sculpture to the **British Museum**.

A painting called Panoramic Landscape with Cornfields and Dunes beside the Sea

26



Panoramic Landscape with Cornfields and Dunes beside the Sea is an oil painting by an artist called **Jacob Isaackszoon**.

He painted **landscapes**. **Landscapes** are different types of land such as a forest, field or seaside.

We gave this painting to **Norwich City Castle Museum and Art Gallery**.

A painting called Portrait of the Artist as a Young Man

27



Portrait of the Artist as a Young Man is a **portrait** by an artist called **Godfrey Kneller**.

A **portrait** is a painting of just 1 person.

Portraits were a great way for artists to tell people about themselves and their art.

This painting has stayed at **Strawberry Hill house**.

A painting called Mate and Prentice

28



Mate and Prentice is an oil painting by an artist called **William Gershom Collingwood**.

William Gershom Collingwood was an artist and an **author**.
An **author** writes books.

We gave this painting to the **Ruskin Museum**.

A collection of photographs

29

We have over 3,800 photos of Cornwall and the Isles of Scilly from the 1950s to the 1900s.

The photos were given to us by **Jannette Rosing**.

The photos show what life was like in Cornwall in the 1800s.

We gave some of these photos to **Kresen Kernow**.



2 sculptures called River Form and Single Form

30

River Form and **Single Form** are 2 sculptures by **Babara Hepworth**.

River Form was made in 1965 and **Single Form** was made in 1963. **River Form** is made of wood and **Single Form** is made of plaster.

We gave **River Form** to the **Ashmolean Museum** and **Single Form** to the **Tate Gallery**.



A painting called Countess of Hardwicke

31



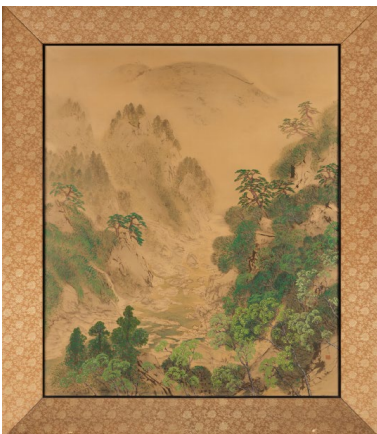
Countess of Hardwicke is an oil painting by an artist called **Godfrey Kneller** from 1761.

The painting is a portrait of **Margaret Cocks** who was the Countess of Hardwicke.

We gave this painting to the **National Trust** who put it in **Wimpole Hall** in **Royston**.

A collection of Japanese art and objects

32



Oliver Impey was a **curator** of Japanese art for the **Ashmolean Museum**.

A **curator** is someone who finds art for a museum or gallery.

We have 2 Japanese artworks and some Japanese cabinets that Oliver Impey found.

The artwork and cabinets have stayed at the **Ashmolean Museum**.



A painting called Canterbury Cathedral Choir looking East

33



Canterbury Cathedral Choir looking East is an oil painting by an artist called **Thomas Johnson** from 1657.

We think it might be the first painting of the Canterbury Cathedral **Choir**.

A **Choir** is a group of people who sing together in a church or cathedral.

We gave this painting to
Canterbury Cathedral.

A Marquette made by Reg Butler

34



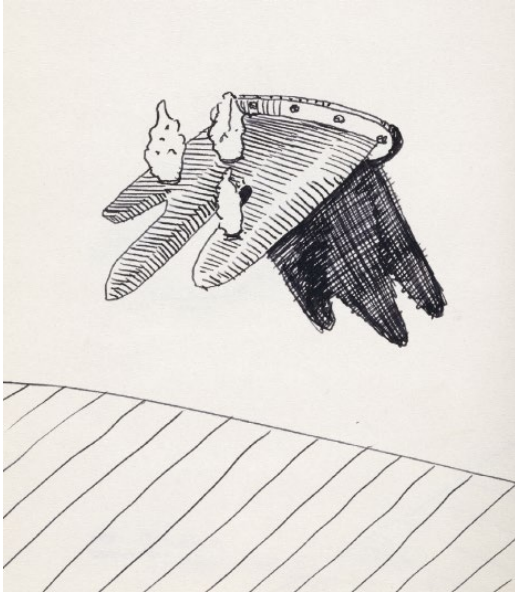
A **Marquette** is what you make before you start a sculpture. It is a small version of your sculpture to help you decide how to make it.

Reg Butler made a Marquette for a sculpture he did not make.

We gave this Marquette to
the **Tate Gallery**.

9 drawings by Edward Allington

35



Edward Allington was a sculptor who would draw his sculptures before he made them.

We have his drawings, notebook, posters and photos of his sculptures.

We gave 9 of his drawings to the **Tate Gallery** and the **British Museum**.

2 artworks called Relief, Opus 267 and Diagonal Cut

36



Relief, Opus 267 is an artwork made of wood by an artist called **Sérgio de Camargo** from 1970.

Diagonal Cut is an artwork made of plastic and nails by an artist called **Günther Uecker** from 1965.

We gave these 2 paintings to the **Sainsbury Centre**.

An installation called Witness

37



Witness is an **art installation** made by an artist called **Susan Hiller**.

An **art installation** is a large artwork that has to be built into a room.

Witness is made of 500 speakers that play people telling stories about **UFOs**.

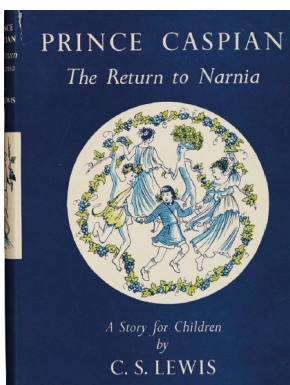
UFO stands for **Unidentified Foreign Object**. This means things like alien spaceships.

We gave this installation to the **Tate Gallery**.



A collection of books and manuscripts

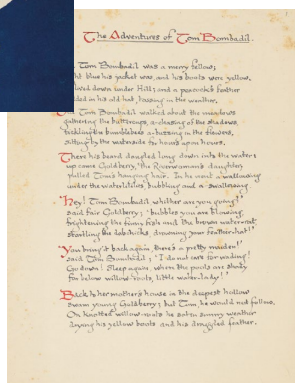
38



We have books and manuscripts from 2 authors called **Clive Staples Lewis** and **John Ronald Reuel Tolkien**.

We also have objects like a desk, pipes and glasses that belonged to **Clive Staples Lewis**.

We gave the book and manuscripts to the **Bodleian Library** and the objects to the **Story Museum**.



A painting called Portrait of Thomas Charles Tracy, 6th Viscount Tracy

39



Portrait of Thomas Charles Tracy, 6th Viscount is an oil painting by an artist called **Thomas Gainsborough** from 1727 to 1788.

Thomas Gainsborough painted lots of portraits.

We gave this painting to **Gainsborough House**.

Model of a fighting vessel

40



We have a **model** of a **fighting vessel** that was made for **Admiral Horatio Nelson**.

A **fighting vessel** is a boat for battle.

A **model** is a small and simple version of something you want to make.

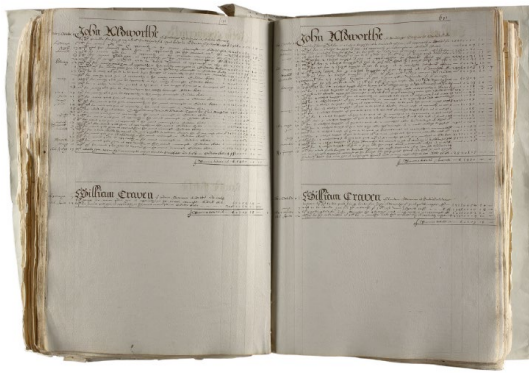
Admiral Horatio Nelson was a leader of the British Army in the 1700s.

We gave this model to the **Museum of the Royal Navy**.



Documents from a family called Calley

41



We have documents such as bills, receipts, paperwork and letters from a family called Calley.

William Calley earned lots of money making and selling clothes.

The documents show how the family became rich.

We gave these documents to **Wiltshire and Swindon History Centre**.

2 Dishes from China

42



1 of the dishes was made between 1403 and 1425. It has a painting of a bunch of lotus flowers.



The other dish was made between 1573 and 1619. It has a painting of young boys playing together and dragons around the edge.

We gave these 2 dishes to the **Ashmolean Museum**.

Prints made by Alan Cox

43



We have 152 prints from an artist called **Alan Cox**.

Alan Cox made prints using **lithography**. **Lithography** is a way to make prints by drawing onto stone.

We gave all the prints to **Gainsborough House**.

Documents about Julie Lawson's life

44



Julie Lawson was in the team of people who set up **The Institute of Contemporary Arts** in London.

The Institute of Contemporary Arts is a building that has a theatre, art galleries, cinemas and a book shop.

We have documents about **Julie Lawson** such as letters and postcards.

We gave these documents to the **National Galleries of Scotland**.

Artwork by Lucian Freud

45



We have 32 copper plates, drawings and an unfinished oil painting by an artist called **Lucian Freud**.

The unfinished oil painting is called **Sally Clarke**.

We gave these artworks to the **Victoria and Albert Museum**.

9 objects made of silver

46



We have 9 objects made of silver such as a **tankard**, **beaker**, **tazza** and spoons.

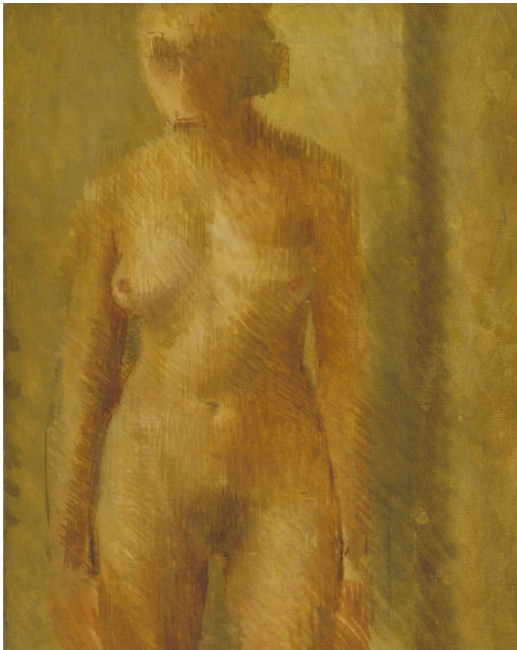
A **tankard** is a cup to drink beer from.
A **beaker** is a cup to drink water from.
A **tazza** is a cup to drink wine from.



We gave these objects to the **Fitzwilliam Museum**.

A painting called Standing Nude

47



Standing Nude is an oil painting by an artist called **William Coldstream**.

William Coldstream was a **realist painter**. A **realist painter** paints people and the world how they really look.

We gave this painting to the **Tate Gallery**.

A painting called Head of Helen Gillespie

48



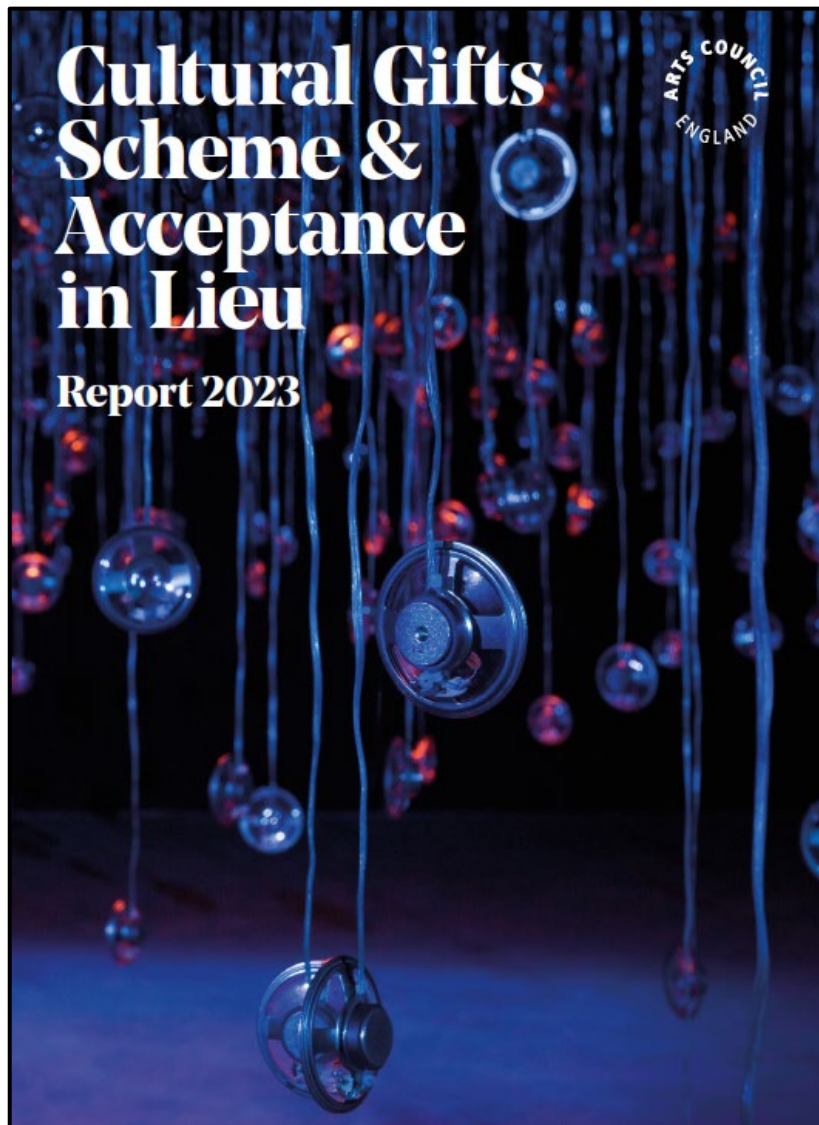
Head of Helen Gillespie is an oil painting by an artist called **Frank Auerbach** from 1931.

Frank Auerbach was born in Berlin and was sent to England in 1939 at the start of the second world war.

Frank Auerbach spends months and years working on each painting.

We gave these objects to the **Fitzwilliam Museum**.

Thank you for reading this booklet



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The full version of this document is called

Cultural Gifts Scheme & Acceptance in Lieu Report 2023